

OverviewThis standard covers preparing a dog's coat ready for bathing or grooming by
the removal of excess hair, knots and tangles using appropriate techniques and
equipment.It includes appropriate and safe handling techniques, identification of coat types
and recognising signs of parasitic infestation or abnormalities.It is your responsibility to monitor and maintain the health and safety of
yourself, the dog and others in the area.You will need to be aware of your own limitations and ensure that you meet the
legal responsibilities for duty of care under animal health and welfare
legislation.Where necessary, the decision to clip off the dogs coat should be in line with
workplace policy.This standard is for anyone who prepares dogs' coats ready for bathing or
grooming.

Performance criteria		
You must be able to:	P1	maintain your own professional conduct and ethics and work within the limits of your own authority, expertise, training, competence and experience
	P2	carry out all work in accordance with instructions, records and workplace procedures
	P3	comply with relevant animal health and welfare and other animal-related legislation and associated codes of practice at all times
	P4	carry out all work in accordance with relevant environmental and health and safety legislation, risk assessment requirements, codes of practice and company policies
	P5	carry out all work as agreed wtih the client
	P6	assess how the welfare of the dog will be provided for under your duty of care
	P7	maintain appropriate levels of hygiene and bio-security
	P8	check that the work area is safe, secure, clean and ready for use
	P9	select, prepare, use and maintain tools in a safe, clean and effective condition throughout
	P10	use the correct protective equipment and clothing in accordance with workplace policy and procedures
	P11	observe and recognise the behaviour of the dog and record as appropriate
	P12	handle and restrain the dog in a manner that promotes confidence and co-operation and maintains the health and safety of all throughout
	P13	prepare the dog's coat ready for bathing or grooming using techniques and tools appropriate to the coat type and condition and for the style that is to be achieved
	P14	use techniques and tools in a manner that minimises discomfort and distress to the dog
	P15	where the coat has excess knots seek advice
	P16	recognise when observation of the dog reveals a possible infestation or abnormal condition and report to the appropriate person
	P17	where required cut nails taking care to avoid the quick, causing pain or bleeding, and using the appropriate equipment
	P18	where required remove debris and excess hair from the outer ear, in a manner that minimises distress to the dog and avoids injury, irritation or inflamation to the ears
	P19	deal with waste safely and correctly in accordance with workplace procedures
	P20	clean/sterilise and store equipment used in accordance with workplace

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procedures and report any faults to the appropriate person

- P21 maintain records as appropriate
- P22 transfer the dog to the correct area for the next procedure and ensure it is safe and secure

Knowledge and understanding		
You need to know and understand:	K1	your professional responsibilities as a dog groomer and the limits of your own authority, expertise, training, competence and experience
	K2	the importance of completing the activity in accordance with instructions, records and workplace procedures
	K3	the importance of communicating with others to ensure the welfare needs of the dog are met
	K4	how to assess and address the welfare needs of the dog under your duty of care
	K5	your responsibilities under relevant animal health and welfare and other animal-related legislation and codes of practice
	K6	your responsibilities under relevant environmental and health and safety legislation, codes of practice and company policies
	K7	the importance of maintaining appropriate levels of hygiene and bio- security and how this can be achieved
	K8	types of tools required and how to select, prepare, use and maintain these in a safe and effective condition
	K9	the importance of carrying out work as agreed with the client
	K10	why it is important to observe and assess the body language of the dog prior to starting work and the signs to look for
	K11	the importance of communicating with others and where to seek advice and guidance
	K12	the Kennel Club UK types and their characteristics
	K13	how to approach, handle and restrain dogs in a manner that promotes their confidence and co-operation and maintains safety
	K14	when a dog's coat should be bathed before trimming and when a dog's coat should be removed prior to bathing
	K15	tools for removing excess hair, its selection and correct techniques for use
	K16	why the coat type and style to be achieved affect the methods of preparing coats and tools that should be used
	K17	how to groom out a coat, removing knots, tangles and dead hair without causing injury or distress to the dog
	K18	the signs of distress in dogs and the action that should be taken when these are observed

- K19 how friction burns occur and how they can be avoided
- K20 basic dog anatomy and physiology in order to safely handle and work with the dog, carry out a health check and recognise signs of abnormalities or parasite infestation
- K21 how to recognise when dog's nails need cutting and how to do this safely, avoiding injury or pain to the dog
- K22 how to safely clean and remove excess hair from the outer ears of a dog, avoiding injury or pain to the dog, and the limits of what you can do under the Veterinary Surgeons Act (1966)
- K23 how to handle, store and dispose of waste in accordance with legal and organisational requirements
- K24 how to check, clean and sterilise equipment and correct methods of storage
- K25 how to provide suitable accommodation between stages of grooming
- K26 appropriate records to be kept, the importance of confidentiality and the requirements of the Data Protection Act 1998

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Scope/range		Coat types:
	1	wool
	2	wire
	3	silk
	4	double – long and short
	5	smooth
		Tools to remove knots, tangles and dead hair:
	6	comb and brush
	7	de-matting tools
		Observation of the dog:
	8	feet, nails and pads
	9	ear condition
	10	mouth, teeth and gums
	11	skin and coat
	12	internal and external parasites
	13	eyes
	14	genital and mammary area
	15	anal glands

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Glossary

Veterinary Surgeons Act (1966):

It is illegal under the Veterinary Surgeons Act (1966) for non-veterinary surgeons to practise veterinary surgery.

The Act defines Veterinary Surgery as:

- the diagnosis of diseases in, and injuries to, animals including tests performed on animals for diagnostic purposes;
- the giving of advice based upon such diagnosis;
- the medical or surgical treatment of animals; and
- the performance of surgical operations on animals.

Current animal welfare legislation:

- England and Wales, Animal Welfare Act 2006
- Scotland, Animal Health and Welfare Act 2006
- Northern Ireland, Welfare of Animals Act (Northern Ireland) 2011

Protective equipment and clothing could include:

- gloves
- apron

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