Manage the production of novel crops



Overview

This standard covers managing the production of novel crops, including growing, harvesting and storage.

A novel crop is one which has to be grown under specific conditions.

The standard does not deal with the basic principles of establishment, plant health, harvest and storage but looks at specific protocols required for the production of novel crops including separation distances, different types of barrier and methods to prevent adventitious presence (cross contamination) and volunteer control.

This standard is suitable for those with responsibility for the production of novel crops.

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Performance criteria

ou must be able to:	P1 P2	assess the risks associated with the site and the required activity identify areas of potential cross contamination
	P3	establish measures to maintain suitable levels of hygiene and biosecurity
	P4	identify different novel crops and the types of seed/grain
	P5	ensure all legislative requirements are met
	P6	identify the most appropriate separation method for type of crop e.g. physical barrier or separation distance
	P7	manage soil seed banks
	P8	ensure all machinery is clean and decontaminated
	P9	manage harvesting methods to avoid cross contamination
	P10	ensure storage area is clean and free from contamination which migh effect the quality of the crop
	P11	ensure crop is stored in a suitable area and kept separate from other crops
	P12	establish measures for the recycling or disposal of waste in accordance with legal and organisational requirements
	P13	ensure working methods promote health and safety and are consistent with relevant legislation and codes of practice
	P14	ensure appropriate records are maintained as required by relevant legislation and the organisation

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Knowledge and understanding

You need to know and understand:	K1	how to identify hazards and assess risks
	K2	how to interpret risk assessments
	K3	the importance of carrying out an environmental assessment of the site before starting work and the findings which may affect proposed activity
	K4	the reasons and requirements for growing novel crops
	K5	methods of maintaining hygiene and bio-security and the reasons why it is important
	K6	how physical barriers can prevent pollen movement
	K7	what effect different barriers have
	K8	size of pollen and source
	K9	recommended separation distances for different crop types
	K10	potential effects of different pollens
	K11	how to manage current and relevant legislation which may impact on the growing of novel crops
	K12	how to manage cooperation with neighbouring farms
	K13	how cultivation and drilling times help control potential cross pollination
	K14	management (control) of volunteers in subsequent crops in any rotation including, seed, tubers and roots
	K15	which crops are sexually compatible with other crops/weeds
	K16	the importance of cleaning all equipment
	K17	actions to take when harvesting the crop to avoid cross contamination
	K18	the importance of cleaning all storage and transfer areas
	K19	the potential impact of adventitious presence (cross contamination)
	K20	the legal and organisational requirements for the handling, transporting and disposal of waste
	K21	your responsibilities under relevant environmental and health and safety legislation, codes of practice and company policies
	K22	appropriate records to be kept and their significance

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Glossary

Sustainable agriculture: Meeting the requirements for food production while maintaining profitability and preserving the environment

Novel crops include:

- · Hear oilseed rape
- Holl oilseed rape
- GM crops
- Other HT (herbicide tolerant) crops

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