
Overview

This standard is about how you can contribute to supporting individuals, key people and stakeholders to take control of their own support. It involves facilitating co-production at the level of the local area or at an individual level, where people have chosen to direct their own services, and contributing to the evaluation of co-production.

This NOS is relevant to an individual undertaking commissioning, procurement and contracting in relation to care services.

**Performance
criteria**

Facilitate co-production with individuals, key people and stakeholders to commission services and support

You must be able to:

- P1 find out the how **individuals, key people** and **stakeholders** want to be involved in commissioning, at both an individual and organisational levels
- P2 engage with individuals, key people and stakeholders to identify their personal outcomes, expectations and priorities
- P3 identify the support and advocacy individuals, key people and stakeholders may need to address barriers to co-production
- P4 work with individuals, key people and stakeholders to identify **barriers** to co-production
- P5 encourage individuals and key people to use their expertise to commission their own support
- P6 provide **practical assistance** to help individuals and key people to direct their own support where they wish to do so
- P7 encourage individuals, key people and stakeholders to use their expertise as partners commissioning services for the local community
- P8 provide relevant **information** about the commissioning process to individuals, key people and stakeholders
- P9 provide **accessible** explanations about the importance of commissioning **sustainable** services and support
- P10 respond to requests for additional information, clarification and explanations
- P11 promote **co-production** with individuals, key people and communities at all stages of commissioning
- P12 identify the best interests of individuals, key people and communities where co-production is not possible
- P13 report the views of individuals and key people about directing their own services to decision makers
- P14 report back to individuals, key people and stakeholders on decisions made as a result of their views

Contribute to evaluating co-production with individuals, key people and stakeholders to commissioning their own services and support

You must be able to:

- P15 gather comprehensive information about co-production with individuals, key people and stakeholders to commission services

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- P16 assess the ways and levels at which individuals, key people and communities have co-produced their own support services
 - P17 assess the barriers faced by individuals and key people who want to direct their own support
 - P18 assess the impact of the co-production with individuals, key people and stakeholders on the processes of commissioning
 - P19 assess the impact of the engagement of individuals, key people and stakeholders on the priority outcomes identified and the services commissioned
 - P20 assess the **risks** of individuals and key people directing their own support
 - P21 make recommendations about how to enable more individuals, key people and stakeholders to co-produce their own support
 - P22 make recommendations about how to manage the impact on the supply market of individuals and key people directing their own services and support

Knowledge and understanding

You need to know and understand:

Specific to this NOS

- K1 recent and current studies, reports and literature relating to ways to involve people in commissioning
- K2 studies reports and literature about how to give power and control to people using services
- K3 the type of information that needs to be collected about the engagement of individuals and other stakeholders and communities in commissioning
- K4 the types of barriers people may face and ways to overcome or minimise them
- K5 the methods of encouragement that can be used with different people and which are likely to be successful
- K6 how people directing their own support could impact on the market and ways to support service providers to adapt to changes

Rights

You need to know and understand:

- K7 legal and work setting requirements for equality, diversity, discrimination and rights
- K8 legal and work setting requirements for complaints and whistle blowing
- K9 your role and the roles of others in promoting **co-productive** commissioning
- K10 the role of service providers and partner agencies in promoting the rights, choices, wellbeing and active participation of **individuals, key people** and communities
- K11 how to deal with and challenge discrimination
- K12 your duty to report any acts or omissions, poor or discriminatory practice, resources or operational difficulties that could infringe the rights of individuals and key people

Safeguarding

You need to know and understand:

- K13 legislation, national policy, frameworks, local systems and multi-disciplinary procedures relating to the safeguarding and protection of

children, young people and adults

- K14 the responsibility that everyone has to raise concerns about possible harm or abuse, poor or discriminatory practices
- K15 factors that increase the risk of potential harm or abuse
- K16 the different types of harm or abuse, poor or discriminatory practice
- K17 indicators of potential harm or abuse
- K18 how and when to report any concerns about harm or abuse, including whistleblowing
- K19 what to do if you have reported concerns but no action is taken to address them

Sustainability

You need to know and understand:

- K20 why it is important to work in a **political, economic, sociological, technological, legal and environmentally sustainable** way
- K21 how you can develop sustainable new ideas in your work role

Partnership working

You need to know and understand:

- K22 the factors that can affect partnership working
- K23 techniques for working with individuals, key people and communities through co-productive commissioning, procurement and contracting
- K24 how to support the best interests of individuals, key people and communities
- K25 how to engage with social care and procurement professionals during commissioning, procurement and contracting activities
- K26 the **priorities, interests** and contributions of **stakeholders**
- K27 the **operational realities** of service providers
- K28 policies, procedures, guidance and protocols with others involved in partnerships
- K29 how to assess the effectiveness of partnership working

Risk management

You need to know and understand:

- K30 the types of risk involved in commissioning, procurement and contracting

- K31 methods of identifying, assessing and managing risk
- K32 your role in identifying, managing and reporting risk
- K33 principles of positive risk-taking

Your practice

You need to know
and understand:

- K34 European, UK and country specific legislation, statutory codes, standards, regulations, frameworks and guidance relevant to your commissioning, procurement and contracting role
- K35 European, UK and country specific legislation, statutory codes, standards, frameworks and guidance relevant to service providers and partner agencies
- K36 how to access and work to procedures and agreed ways of working
- K37 lessons learned from government reports, research and inquiries into serious failures of health or social care practice and from successful interventions
- K38 how your role fits within your organisation and where you can go to for support
- K39 how to assess the impact of commissioning, procurement and contracting activities on individuals, key people and other stakeholders
- K40 how to measure the achievement of **outcomes**
- K41 the nature and importance of preventative and community based provision
- K42 factors that can cause conflicting demands
- K43 techniques for problem solving and innovative thinking
- K44 how to fulfil your role in managing resources, including your own time
- K45 how to cost and work with budgets
- K46 how and when to seek support with ethical conflicts and dilemmas in your work
- K47 your own background, experiences and beliefs that may have an impact on your practice
- K48 how to use **evidence-based practice** to justify your actions and decisions
- K49 how to contribute to the development of systems, practices, policies and procedures

K50 how to challenge poor practice in your own and other organisations

Theory for practice

You need to know
and understand:

K51 how the **social, medical and business** models impact on the achievement of outcomes

K52 how commissioning, procurement and contracting can contribute to improved outcomes for individuals, key people and communities

Personal and professional development

You need to know
and understand:

K53 principles of reflective, person centred, evidence based practice

K54 your role in sharing and developing knowledge and practice with others, including , key people and communities

K55 how to provide constructive feedback to others

K56 how to identify and access opportunities for professional development

K57 how to develop professional knowledge and practice through reflective supervision and appraisal

Communication

You need to know
and understand:

K58 how to use communication as a foundation for co-productive commissioning

K59 methods to promote effective communication with **colleagues**, individuals and other stakeholders

Handling information

You need to know
and understand:

K60 legal requirements, policies and procedures for the security and confidentiality of information, taking account of commercial sensitivity and procurement practice

K61 legal and work setting requirements for recording information and producing reports within timescales

K62 how to identify, collect, measure and assess data and present it as information

K63 how information software products can help you collect information

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- K64 how to record written information with accuracy, clarity, relevance and an appropriate level of detail
 - K65 methods of making data and information accessible for individuals, key people and other stakeholders
 - K66 how and where electronic communications can and should be used

Health and Safety

You need to know
and understand:

- K67 legal and work setting requirements for health, safety and security in the work environment

Additional information

Scope / range related to performance criteria:

The details in this field are explanatory statements of scope and/or examples of possible contexts in which the NOS may apply; they are not to be regarded as range statements required for achievement of the NOS.

Where an individual finds it difficult or impossible to express their own preferences and make decisions about their life, achievement of this standard may require the involvement of advocates or others who are able to represent the views and best interests of the individual.

Where there are language differences within the work setting, achievement of this standard may require the involvement of interpreters or translation services.

The **individual** is the adult, child or young person receiving a service.

Key people are those who are important to an individual and who can make a difference to his or her well-being. Key people may include family, friends, carers and others with whom the individual has a supportive relationship.

Stakeholders are individuals and other people who have an interest in or are in some way affected by your work. They include service providers from the statutory, third or business sectors; regulators; colleagues and other professionals whose work contributes to the individual's well-being and who enable you to carry out your role; commissioning partners or those who commission services from the same provider, whether or not they are joint arrangements.

Barriers prevent access and inclusivity and relate to a range of things, including the physical environment, finance and cost, organisations or attitudes of individuals or communities.

Practical assistance can vary depending on your role and the needs of the person, but includes brokerage, navigation around the system, providing information, providing advice and accessing finance and payments.

Information may be any form of communication from and about individuals, key people, communities and other stakeholders, people and organisations. Information might be about legislation or working practices which should be passed on and for which your organisation may have procedures set in place. It includes performance information, previous contractual information, confidential and public information.

For something to be **accessible**, it should be able to be used by all people whatever their levels and types of ability, for example something that people can understand regardless of the level or way in which they communicate.

For services to be **sustainable**, they must deliver the current specified outcomes and be able to meet longer term desired social outcomes. This means taking account of any factors that might limit the outcomes that services can deliver in the future, in particular financial, social or environmental factors. It is particularly important in a climate where social care needs are forecast to increase more than available funding.

The process of **co-production** involves developing relationships to collaborate with individuals, local people, community groups and organisations. It involves using and developing people's skills and abilities throughout all commissioning, procurement and contracting activities, including designing and delivering services. It places individuals, key people and communities at the centre of decision making and control, taking account of the roles that people want to take.

Risks can be influenced by a wide range of factors and include risks to people, property and organisations through reputation or ability to fulfil their roles and responsibilities.

**Scope / range
related to
knowledge and
understanding:**

The details in this field are explanatory statements of scope and/or examples of possible contexts in which the NOS may apply; they are not to be regarded as range statement required for achievement of the NOS.

All knowledge statements must be applied in the context of this standard.

The process of **co-production** involves developing relationships with individuals, key people and communities, recognising the expertise that people have and the support that they offer to each other. It places individuals, key people and communities at the centre of decision making and control.

The **individual** is the adult, child or young person receiving a service.

Key people are those who are important to an individual and who can make a difference to his or her well-being. Key people may include family, friends, carers and others with whom the individual has a supportive relationship.

The **political, economic, sociological, technological, legal and environmental** model (also known as the PESTLE model) is used to analyse the influences that an organisation has on its environment, both now and in the future. It is used to inform decisions and enable the organisation to respond to change.

The **priorities and interests** of stakeholders encompass the outcomes sought and are influenced by different philosophies, principles, priorities and codes of practice and are affected by their differences in size, structure, governance and capacity. They may change over time in response to national and local factors.

Stakeholders are individuals and other people who have an interest in or are in some way affected by your work. They include service providers from the statutory, third or business sectors; regulators; colleagues and other professionals whose work contributes to the individual's well-being and who enable you to carry out your role; commissioning partners or those who commission services from the same provider, whether or not they are joint

arrangements.

The **operational realities** of service providers are the factors that impact on how they are able to run their other services, in particular where there is competition for funding and customers.

An **organisation** is used to mean the organisation for which you work or volunteer, or which you own or run. For people funding their own services or using other self directed support, it means you and the people who may work for you.

Outcomes are the desired result of the activity for individuals, key people and communities. They move the focus from the processes, transactions and performance management to the differences that provision can actually make to people's lives. It underpins citizen centred commissioning by placing individuals in a central role in evaluating the effectiveness of commissioning.

Evidence based practice uses systems, processes and 'practice wisdom' that has been proved to be effective in supporting the achievement of positive outcomes. Evidence may have been drawn from a variety of sources: research, both formal and informal, and the views and opinions of individuals, key people and other stakeholders involved in the delivery of care services.

The **social model** describes disability as a series of barriers located in society and not an individual, for example attitudes towards people in need or physical barriers. The **medical model** described illness or disability as an inherent part of the individual, and as such would attempt to treat or cure the person.

Business models refers to an organisation's need to function as a business within financial constraints and in some cases to make profit, for example social enterprises and private businesses.

Colleagues are people who you work with in your own or other organisations, including your team, managers, service providers, other teams, other departments and other organisations.

Values:

Adherence to codes of practice or conduct where applicable to your role and the principles and values that underpin your work setting, including the rights of children, young people and adults. These include the rights:

To be treated as an individual

To be treated equally and not be discriminated against

To be respected

To have privacy

To be treated in a dignified way

To be protected from danger and harm

To be supported and cared for in a way that meets their needs, takes account of their choices and also protects them

To communicate using their preferred methods of communication and language

To access information about themselves

All aspects of commissioning, procurement and contracting should seek to build on these underpinning values and should:

Respect the inherent worth and dignity of all people

Respect the human rights of children, young people and adults

Respect people's right to take positive risks

Be transparent

Be accountable

Be proportional

Be consistent

Be targeted

Be impartial

Enable providers

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