

OverviewThis standard is about promoting and encouraging the fulfilment of your<br/>organisation's legal, regulatory, social, economic, environmental and ethical<br/>responsibilities. It includes fulfilling responsibilities in your own role, including the<br/>work that you do in partnership, and evaluating current arrangements to support<br/>organisational responsibility.

This NOS is relevant to an individual undertaking commissioning, procurement and contracting in relation to care services.



		fil legal, regulatory, social, economic, environmental and ethical ponsibilities	
You must be able to:	P1	identify the <b>legal</b> and <b>regulatory</b> requirements relevant to your area of work, including your organisation's responsibilities for commissioned services	
	P2	obtain accurate interpretations of legal and regulatory requirements from specialists	
	P3	identify the social, economic, environmental and ethical	
		responsibilities for your area of work	
	P4	identify the lines of accountability for legal, regulatory, social, economic, environmental and ethical responsibilities in your own and partner organisations	
	P5	identify any financial implications of fulfilling your organisation's responsibilities for your area of work	
	P6	identify the risks involved in non-compliance	
	P7	analyse how <b>co-productive</b> and <b>sustainable</b> commissioning can help to	
		fulfil your organisation's responsibilities	
	P8	provide <b>accessible</b> information to decision makers about the benefits of co- productive and sustainable commissioning	
	P9	agree with decision makers, colleagues, individuals, key people and	
		stakeholders how organisational responsibilities will be demonstrated in practice	
	P10	develop clear and accessible plans for how your area of responsibility will comply with its legal, regulatory, social, economic, environmental and ethical responsibilities	
	P11	ensure that partnership working incorporates compliance whilst reflecting	
		the diversity and capacity of partner organisations	
	P12	negotiate with others to develop <b>criteria</b> for measuring compliance	
	P13	ensure that systems are developed to monitor compliance	



### Evaluate organisational responsibility arrangements

You must be able to:	P14	evaluate information and feedback about how your area of work performs in complying with responsibilities
	P15	reflect on your contributions to fulfilling organisational responsibilities
	P16	provide information to decision makers about how your area of work
		complies with its responsibilities
	P17	make recommendations about any changes and adjustments required
	P18	provide feedback on the evaluation to your own and partner organisations,
		individuals, key people and stakeholders



Knowledge and understanding	Spec	ific to this NOS
You need to know and understand:	K1	how to manage ethical dilemmas and conflicts resulting from promoting organisational responsibilities
	K2	how to analyse the impact of sustainable governance and organisational responsibility on obtaining best possible value from services
	K3	how to assess the impact of organisational practice
	K4	how to obtain accurate and timely reports of your own and partner organisations' performance in complying with responsibilities
	K5	how to develop strategies to ensure compliance
	K6	how to use commissioning activities to promote compliance with organisation responsibilities
	K7	how to evaluate systems for monitoring compliance
	Right	ts
You need to know and understand:	K8	legal and work setting requirements for equality, diversity, discrimination and rights
	K9	legal and work setting requirements for complaints and whistle blowing
	K10	your role and the roles of others in promoting <b>co-productive</b> commissioning
	K11	the role of service providers and partner agencies in promoting the rights, choices, wellbeing and active participation of <b>individuals</b> , <b>key people</b> and communities
	K12	how to address conflicts and dilemmas about rights and discrimination
	K13	your duty to report any acts or omissions poor or discriminatory practice, resources or operational difficulties that could infringe the rights of individuals, key people and communities



	Safeguarding	
You need to know	K14 legislation, national policy, frameworks, local systems and mul	
and understand:	disciplinary procedures relating to the safeguarding and protec	tion of
	children, young people and adults	a a cibla
	K15 the responsibility that everyone has to raise concerns about po	JSSIDIe
	harm or abuse, poor or discriminatory practices K16 indicators of potential harm or abuse	
	K17 how and when to escalate any concerns about harm or abuse, including whistleblowing	J
	K18 how to support others who have expressed concern about har	mor
	abuse	
	K19 what to do if you have reported concerns but no action is taker	n to
	address them	
	Sustainability	
You need to know	K20 how to evaluate the benefits of working in a <b>politically</b> ,	
and understand:	economically, sociologically, technologically, legally and	
	environmentally sustainable way	
	K21 how to promote your <b>organisation</b> 's political, economic, socio	logical,
	technological, legal and environmental responsibilities	
	K22 how to evaluate the sustainability of commissioned services	
	K23 how to develop sustainable new ideas in your area of responsi	ibility
	Partnership working	
You need to know	K24 how collaborative and integrated working can be used to m	aximise
and understand:	resources	
	K25 how to promote co-productive commissioning	
	K26 how to work with individuals, key people and communities thro	ough co-
	productive commissioning, procurement and contracting	
	K27 how to support the interests of individuals and other stakehold	ers
	K28 how to engage with social care and procurement professionals	s during



commissioning, procurement and contracting activities

- K29 how to analyse the **priorities**, **interests** and contributions of **stakeholders** and their impact on partnership working
- K30 how to analyse the drivers and constraints that impact on businesses and third sector organisations
- K31 the **business processes** and **operational realities** of service providers
- K32 how to influence the work of the partnership to meet agreed **outcomes**
- K33 how to use and develop integrated policies, procedures, guidance and protocols with others involved in partnerships
- K34 the statutory and financial constraints for **agreeing budgets** to support partnership working
- K35 how to evaluate effective partnership working

### **Risk management**

You need to know	K36	how to analyse the risks involved in commissioning, procurement and
and understand:		contracting for your area of responsibility
	K37	methods of managing and mitigating the risks involved in
		commissioning, procurement and contracting for your area of
		responsibility
	K38	how to develop practice that facilitates positive risk-taking
	Your	practice
You need to know	K39	European, UK and country specific legislation, statutory codes,
and understand:		standards, regulations, frameworks and guidance relevant to
		commissioning, procurement and contracting relevant to your area of
		responsibility

- K40 European, UK and country specific legislation, statutory codes, standards, frameworks and guidance relevant to service providers and partner agencies
- K41 how to access accurate interpretations of legal and regulatory



### requirements

	K42	how to use analysis from lessons learned from government reports,
		research and inquiries into serious failures of health or social care
		practice and from successful interventions
	K43	how your role fits within your organisation and where you can go to
		for support
	K44	how to identify priorities and contribute to priority setting
	K45	how to evaluate the impact of commissioning, procurement and
		contracting activities on individuals, key people and communities
	K46	how to evaluate different methods and approaches of measuring the
		achievement of outcomes
	K47	how to evaluate the importance of preventative and community
		based provision
	K48	how to manage agreed transformations for service provision
	K49	techniques for problem solving and innovative thinking
	K50	how to manage budgets and resources
	K51	how to identify and manage ethical conflicts and dilemmas in your
		work
	K52	your own background, experiences and beliefs that may have an
		impact on your practice
	K53	how to use evidence based practice to justify your actions and
		decisions
	K54	how to contribute to the development of systems, practices, policies
		and procedures
	Theo	ry for practice
You need to know	K55	how to evaluate the impact of social, medical and business
and understand:		models on the achievement of outcomes
	K56	how to evaluate the impact of organisational structure and culture

K57 how to evaluate theories and approaches to management relevant to your area of responsibility

upon how flexibly and innovatively resources can be used



### Personal and professional development

You need to know	K58	how to promote reflective, person centred, evidence based practice
and understand:	K59	your role in sharing and developing knowledge and practice with
		others, including individuals, key people and communities
	K60	how to manage time and workload
	K61	how to provide constructive feedback
	K62	how to identify and access opportunities for professional development
	K63	how to develop professional knowledge and practice through
		reflective supervision and appraisal
	Com	munication
You need to know	K64	how to use communication as a foundation for co-productive
and understand:		commissioning
	K65	how to manage and promote effective communication with
		colleagues, individuals and other stakeholders
	Hand	ling information
You need to know	Hand K66	ling information legal requirements, policies, procedures and protocols for the security
You need to know and understand:		
		legal requirements, policies, procedures and protocols for the security
		legal requirements, policies, procedures and protocols for the security and confidentiality of information, taking account of commercial
	K66	legal requirements, policies, procedures and protocols for the security and confidentiality of information, taking account of commercial sensitivity and procurement practice
	K66	legal requirements, policies, procedures and protocols for the security and confidentiality of information, taking account of commercial sensitivity and procurement practice legal and work setting requirements for recording information and
	K66 K67	legal requirements, policies, procedures and protocols for the security and confidentiality of information, taking account of commercial sensitivity and procurement practice legal and work setting requirements for recording information and producing reports within timescales
	K66 K67 K68	legal requirements, policies, procedures and protocols for the security and confidentiality of information, taking account of commercial sensitivity and procurement practice legal and work setting requirements for recording information and producing reports within timescales how to identify, collect, analyse, measure and assess data methods of making data, information and analysis accessible for individuals, key people and other stakeholders including decision
	K66 K67 K68 K69	legal requirements, policies, procedures and protocols for the security and confidentiality of information, taking account of commercial sensitivity and procurement practice legal and work setting requirements for recording information and producing reports within timescales how to identify, collect, analyse, measure and assess data methods of making data, information and analysis accessible for individuals, key people and other stakeholders including decision makers
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and understand

the work environment



#### Additional information

Scope / range related to performance criteria: The details in this field are explanatory statements of scope and/or examples of possible contexts in which the NOS may apply; they are not to be regarded as range statements required for achievement of the NOS.

Where an individual finds it difficult or impossible to express their own preferences and make decisions about their life, achievement of this standard may require the involvement of advocates or others who are able to represent the views and best interests of the individual.

Where there are language differences within the work setting, achievement of this standard may require the involvement of interpreters or translation services.

**Legal** requirements are those specified in the laws, which apply to your organisation, such as employment, health and safety, workplace and contract laws.

**Regulatory** requirements are those regulations laid down by a statutory regulator or a non-statutory authority that supervises the conduct of organisations in your sector; these will provide standards for your sector.

**Social, environmental and ethical responsibilities** are part of your organisation's culture and value base and could include policies on sustainability and 'green' issues, as well as fair-trade purchasing and valuing diversity and equality. All of this is delivered through the governance arrangements, i.e. the decision-making and accountability structure of your organisation.

The process of **co-production** involves developing relationships to collaborate with individuals, local people, community groups and organisations. It involves using and developing people's skills and abilities throughout all commissioning, procurement and contracting activities, including designing and delivering services. It places individuals, key people and communities at the centre of decision making and control, taking account of the roles that people want to take.



For services to be **sustainable**, they must deliver the current specified outcomes and be able to meet longer term desired social outcomes. This means taking account of any factors that might limit the outcomes that services can deliver in the future, in particular financial, social or environmental factors. It is particularly important in a climate where social care needs are forecast to increase more than available funding.

For something to be **accessible**, it should be able to be used by all people whatever their levels and types of ability. In this instance, it is something that people can understand regardless of the level or way in which they communicate.

**Colleagues** are people who you work with in your own or other organisations, including your team, managers, service providers, other teams, other departments and other organisations.

The individual is the adult, child or young person receiving a service.

**Key people** are those who are important to an individual and who can make a difference to his or her well-being. Key people may include family, friends, carers and others with whom the individual has a supportive relationship.

**Stakeholders** are individuals and other people who have an interest in or are in some way affected by your work. They include service providers from the statutory, third or business sectors; regulators; colleagues and other professionals whose work contributes to the individual's well-being and who enable you to carry out your role; commissioning partners or those who commission services from the same provider, whether or not they are joint arrangements.

**Diversity** is the concept that people are valued as individuals and that different ability, perspectives and approaches are a positive benefit to organisations and communities.

**Capacity** refers here to the amount that services can deliver and will depend on several factors such as the number of providers and their staffing levels, staff



expertise, management ability, service support or physical capacity.

Your organisation may work with a range of **partner organisations** to support the achievement of outcomes for individuals, key people and communities. They may be involved in joint planning, contracting or procuring, delivering and/or reviewing services with your organisation using various methods.

**Criteria** are factors that can be used to measure and make a judgement about whether or not an outcome has been achieved, how much progress has been made or how well something has been done.

**Information** may be any form of communication from and about individuals, key people and other people and organisations. Information might be about legislation or working practices which should be passed on and for which your organisation may have procedures set in place. It includes performance information, previous contractual information, confidential and public information.



Scope / range related to knowledge and understanding: The details in this field are explanatory statements of scope and/or examples of possible contexts in which the NOS may apply; they are not to be regarded as range statement required for achievement of the NOS.

### All knowledge statements must be applied in the context of this standard.

The process of **co-production** involves developing relationships to collaborate with individuals, local people, community groups and organisations. It involves using and developing people's skills and abilities throughout all commissioning, procurement and contracting activities, including designing and delivering services. It places individuals, key people and communities at the centre of decision making and control, taking account of the roles that people want to take.

The individual is the adult, child or young person receiving a service.

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### The political, economic, sociological, technological, legal and

**environmental** model (also known as the PESTLE model) is used to analyse the influences that an organisation has on its environment, both now and in the future. It is used to inform decisions and enable the organisation to respond to change.

An **organisation** is used to mean the organisation for which you work or volunteer, or which you own or run. For people funding their own services or using other self directed support, it means you and the people who may work for you.

**Collaborative and integrated working** describes a range of ways in which two or more organisations can work together, for example health and social services working together or regional collaboratives. They can be formal or



informal, temporary or permanent and may include the agreement of budgets.

The **priorities and interests** of stakeholders encompass the outcomes sought and are influenced by different philosophies, principles, priorities and codes of practice and are affected by their differences in size, structure, governance and capacity. They may change over time in response to national and local factors.

**Stakeholders** are individuals and other people who have an interest in or are in some way affected by your work. They include service providers from the statutory, third or business sectors; regulators; colleagues and other professionals whose work contributes to the individual's well-being and who enable you to carry out your role; commissioning partners or those who commission services from the same provider, whether or not they are joint arrangements.

**Business processes** describe the systems and tasks that organisations undertake to be able to provide the required service.

The **operational realities** of service providers are the factors that impact on how they are able to run their services, in particular where there is competition for funding and customers.

**Outcomes** are the desired result of the activity for individuals, key people and communities. They move the focus from the processes, transactions and performance management to the differences that provision can actually make to people's lives. It underpins citizen centred commissioning by placing individuals in a central role in evaluating the effectiveness of commissioning.

**Agreeing budgets** involves combining or pooling budgets within or between organisations, for example using local authority and continuing healthcare funding, for joint commissioning or regional/collaborative purchasing.

**Evidence based practice** uses systems, processes and 'practice wisdom' that has been proved to be effective in supporting the achievement of positive



outcomes. Evidence may have been drawn from a variety of sources: research, both formal and informal, and the views and opinions of individuals, key people and other stakeholders involved in the delivery of care services.

The **social model** describes disability as a series of barriers located in society and not an individual, for example attitudes towards people in need or physical barriers. The **medical model** described illness or disability as an inherent part of the individual, and as such would attempt to treat or cure the person. **Business models** refers to an organisation's need to function as a business within financial constraints and in some cases to make profit, for example social enterprises and private businesses.

**Colleagues** are people who you work with in your own or other organisations, including your team, managers, service providers, other teams, other departments and other organisations.



Values:	Adherence to codes of practice or conduct where applicable to your role and
	the principles and values that underpin your work setting, including the rights of
	children, young people and adults. These include the rights:
	To be treated as an individual
	To be treated equally and not be discriminated against
	To be respected
	To have privacy
	To be treated in a dignified way
	To be protected from danger and harm
	To be supported and cared for in a way that meets their needs, takes account
	of their choices and also protects them
	To communicate using their preferred methods of communication and
	language
	To access information about themselves
	All aspects of commissioning, procurement and contracting should seek to
	build on these underpinning values and should:
	Respect the inherent worth and dignity of all people
	Respect the human rights of children, young people and adults
	Respect people's right to take positive risks
	Be transparent
	Be accountable
	Be proportional
	Be consistent
	Be targeted
	Be impartial
	Enable providers



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