

SFHCHS92

Review and monitor a patient's nutritional wellbeing



Overview

This standard is about identifying the dietary needs of the patient and negotiating with them a nutritional plan that the patient is likely to sustain.

Tension can occur when staff are not cognisant of religious, cultural, social and age customs and requirements and the implications these can have on the patient's lifestyle and habits.

Users of this standard will need to ensure that practice reflects up to date information and policies.

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Performance criteria

- You must be able to:*
- P1 provide regular intervals, for the patient to discuss their nutritional wellbeing
 - P2 retrieve and give feedback on physical and physiological measurements where appropriate and consider other medical conditions impacting on diet
 - P3 encourage the patient to employ a written record of their own thoughts, diet and questions and to identify areas which require change
 - P4 discuss any physiological and sensitive problems the patient may have
 - P5 review any previous assessment and dietary plan to determine changes and referral, if appropriate, to multi-disciplinary team
 - P6 make a global assessment to determine the patient's state of wellbeing
 - P7 renegotiate the nutritional targets where possible to bring them nearer the dietary ideal
 - P8 record the review and make it available to members of the multidisciplinary team
 - P9 offer reviews to a non-consenting or negotiated non-compliant patient
 - P10 be open to negotiation and encourage the exploration of possibilities
 - P11 be sure that effective assessment and diet therapy is underpinned by the latest guidelines and evidence available

SFHCHS92

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Knowledge and understanding

You need to know and understand:

- K1 the impact on health of obesity, dietary imbalance, tobacco, drugs and alcohol
- K2 medical conditions impacting on diet (e.g. diabetes, constipation, ulcerative colitis, diverticulitis, bowel surgery)
- K3 how to obtain data about a patient by, for example, observations, patient questionnaires, assessment records, blood chemistry
- K4 the effects of aspects of lifestyle on health
- K5 enabling a patient to change habits
- K6 methods of overcoming resistance to accepting information
- K7 methods of teaching scientific concepts in ways to enable patients to understand
- K8 how to highlight the patient's abilities and experiences in a positive way
- K9 how to obtain and record accurate information about patients, and how to do so
- K10 the effects of disease and replacement therapies on metabolism
- K11 interrelation of diet, medication and blood chemistry
- K12 significance of tests used in patient care (e.g. blood chemistry, urinalysis)
- K13 reduction in nutrient intake and identification of under-nutrition
- K14 the positive and negative impact of diet on a patient's health and wellbeing
- K15 the significance for diet of cultural background and religious belief
- K16 how to identify a range of menus that take into account the patient's requirements and their food preferences
- K17 the psychology of habitual or addictive behaviour
- K18 the psychology of change
- K19 methods of assessing where patients are in the readiness to change cycle
- K20 assessment of a patient's health from observation, measurement and records
- K21 the roles of other members of the multidisciplinary team, the support and information they can provide
- K22 how to identify how the patient wishes to be addressed and communicated with, and how to do so
- K23 how to highlight the patient's abilities in a positive way
- K24 the communication skills required in sensitive situations

SFHCHS92

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Additional Information

External Links

This standard links with the following dimension within the NHS Knowledge and Skills Framework (October 2004):

Dimension: HWB2 Assessment and care planning

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