## Provide Nutritional Therapy to clients



#### **Overview**

This standard is about providing Nutritional Therapy to clients. Nutritional Therapy Practitioners work in preventive medicine, the optimization of physical and mental health, and in the treatment of chronic diseases, often with complex multiple causes. Nutritional Therapy encompasses personalized dietary therapy and nutraceutical prescription, and life style advice within a functional medicine framework. The scope of practice for Nutritional Therapy excludes artificial (parenteral/enteral) feeding and dietary management of acute life threatening states, e.g. intestinal or renal failure, and injury trauma. Users of this standard will need to ensure that practice reflects up to date information and policies.

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# Performance criteria

You must be able to:

- P1 conduct a nutritional and overall health assessment, and plan the therapy
- P2 ensure that the environment meets the client's needs
- P3 ensure that any equipment and materials are ready for use
- P4 provide clear and accurate advice to the client in relation to nutritional therapy
- P5 select, implement and interpret appropriate assessments and tests for the client and to inform decision-making
- P6 ensure that when referring to or collaborating with other healthcare providers communication is accurate and supports the needs of the client
- P7 implement nutritional therapy safely and in accordance with professional codes of practice, legal and organisational requirements
- P8 make appropriate adjustments to the nutritional therapy to meet any changing needs
- P9 check the client's well-being throughout and give reassurance where needed
- P10 educate the client to implement nutritional therapy, and any relevant aftercare and self-care
- P11 critically evaluate the outcomes of the nutritional therapy programme to inform future plans and actions
- P12 critically appraise areas for self-development within the context of continuing professional development planning

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# Knowledge and understanding

You need to know and understand:

- K1 the historical development of the therapy and the profession
- K2 the concepts underpinning functional systems biology/medicine, and patient centred approaches
- K3 the concept of Nutritional Therapy as a process driven modality
- K4 the concepts underpinning CAM, and integrative and orthodox medicine
- K5 roles that evidence-based and traditional research play in informing clinical decision-making
- K6 how to use questionnaires and diaries to optimise gathering of information
- K7 methods for obtaining and recording anthropometric measurements
- K8 methods for conducting and recording observations of health status
- K9 how to select, when appropriate, biochemical, nutritional and functional tests
- K10 how to use support materials, resources and information to increase compliance
- K11 how to communicate with other health professionals to provide a clientcentred integrated approach
- K12 how to use the client's story as a key tool for integrating diagnosis, signs and symptoms, and evidence of clinical imbalances into a comprehensive approach to improve both the patient's environmental inputs and physiological function
- K13 how to apply a functional systems biology/medicine, and patient centred approach
- K14 how to use prognosis to rationalize strategies for prioritisation, and timeline planning
- K15 how to identify situations in which it may be appropriate to delay implementing all or part of a treatment plan
- K16 ways in which individual safety may be compromised by inappropriate treatment and how to minimise such risks
- K17 how to interpret and evaluate data from observations and laboratory tests
- K18 how to use diverse sources of information to provide a personalised plan
- K19 how to synthesize new information and modify the treatment plan over successive consultations
- K20 issues in translating government guidelines, epidemiological, and other research findings to the construction of individualized interventions
- K21 models of reflection and how these are applied to practice
- K22 strategies for managing potential dissonance between expected and actual treatment outcomes for self and client
- K23 the relationship the client has with food, food groups and dietary models
- K24 how different cultures describe effects of food on health

## Provide Nutritional Therapy to clients

- K25 how to conduct quantitative and qualitative analyses of food intake
- K26 how to balance quality, quantity, variety and therapeutic effect to achieve negotiated goals, redress deficiency, modulate/optimize functional status or for palliation
- K27 uses of transitional, alternative and functional foods, recipes and menu plans to increase compliance
- K28 how to a construct ethical and environmentally sensitive dietary advice
- K29 how to identify potential food drug and nutraceutical interactions
- K30 risks benefits of foods or dietary models, historical and current, used to modulate antecedence, triggers and mediators
- K31 the approach of orthodox dietetics in prevention and treatment, including enteral and parenteral nutrition, to facilitate collaboration and identify professional boundaries
- K32 the nature and extent of changes to performance or symptoms expected
- K33 how to distinguish perceived negative effects that may be experienced by individuals from other causes of change
- K34 how changes are explained by nutritional therapy principles
- K35 how to enable individuals to recognise progress
- K36 the purpose of supporting the individual to consider the implications of any changes which are made to the treatment
- K37 the use of audit to monitor all aspects of a programme
- K38 the sources, classification, biochemical structures and related functions, interactions of and therapeutic considerations of macronutrients, micronutrients, secondary plant metabolites and other non-nutritive substances
- K39 factors affecting individual's requirements: bioavailability, absorption, transport, metabolism and excretion, endogenous and exogenous xenobiotics, impact of genetics and disease
- K40 the integration, coordination, and regulation of metabolic pathways by hormones and bio-molecules, nutrients and nutraceuticals
- K41 interaction of nutrients, non-nutritive substances and nutraceuticals with the human genome including epigenetic effects
- K42 traditional and novel uses of nutrients and non-nutritive substances
- K43 how requirements and reference intakes through the life stages are determined
- K44 the chemical composition of food and its effects on health and disease
- K45 use of food composition tables and nutritional databases
- K46 effects of food adulterants and contaminants on health
- K47 effects of production, processing and preparation on food quality, health and the environment
- K48 nutrient, phytonutrient content of foods and their effects on bioavailability
- K49 the diversity of adverse reactions to foods and functional foods
- K50 how regulations relating to labelling and health claims impact on practice
- K51 the functioning and web-like interaction between tissues and organs at the cellular and systemic levels

## Provide Nutritional Therapy to clients

- K52 the core clinical imbalances that underlie various disease conditions
- K53 the clinical signs and symptoms generated by the body's response to stress, poornutrition, insult or injury through exposure to endogenous and exogenous toxins, allergens, infectious agents, parasites, other environmental factors, genetic predisposition, emotional and psychosocial factors
- K54 common biomedical terminology used in pathology
- K55 the aetiology and pathology of common diseases and their clinical features
- K56 the impact of microbiota on health
- K57 how to ascertain the sensitivity, specificity and validity of diagnostic tests
- K58 selection, use and evaluation of tests of biochemistry, pathology, microbiology genetic information, and functionality in diagnosis and monitoring
- K59 differential diagnoses of common conditions and diseases
- K60 boundaries to practice including:
  - K60.1 which conditions should be referred (the red flag list)
  - K60.2 which signs and symptoms, and test results warrant further investigation
  - K60.3 high-penetrance single-gene disorders

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### **Additional Information**

#### **External links**

This standard links with the following dimension within the NHS Knowledge and Skills Framework (October 2004):

Dimension: HWB7 Interventions and treatments

#### **Related Functions**

Principles of Good Practice

CNH1 Explore and establish the client's needs for complementary and natural healthcare

CNH2 Develop and agree plans for complementary and natural healthcare with clients

## Provide Nutritional Therapy to clients

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