### SFHCS15

NATIONAL OCCUPATIONAL STANDARDS

Enable children and young people, and those involved in their care, to manage prescribed medication

### **Overview**

This standard is about working with children, young people and those involved in their care to manage their prescribed medication. It covers identifying the medicines used by children and young people, monitoring their effects, and promoting effective medicines management. It does not cover the administration of medicines by the practitioner, or supporting children and young people or their parents/carers to administer medication. Users of this standard will need to ensure that practice reflects up to date information and policies.



### Performance criteria

### You must be able to:

- communicate with the child or young person and those involved in their care in a way that is appropriate to their age, understanding, developmental capacity and preferences
- 2. encourage the child or young person and those involved in their care to seek clarification of any procedures, information, and advice relevant to them
- comply with all the relevant legal, professional, and organisational requirements and guidelines
- encourage and support the child or young person to discuss their feelings about their illness or condition and their need for medication
- 5. identify all medicines used by the child or young person in discussion with them and those involved in their care
- 6. obtain up-to-date information about the medicines used by the child or young person
- establish whether the child or young person is using their medicines as instructed and identify any reasons for non-compliance or misuse with the child, young person or those involved in their care
- 8. communicate with other professionals, including the prescribing professional if contra-indications, non-compliance or misuse of medication is present
- give appropriate information and advice to the child or young person and those involved in their care on the potential implications of their action when medicines are not taken as instructed
- identify the risks of medicines related problems and share this information with the child or young person and those involved in their care
- 11. check with the child or young person and those involved in their care that the medicines are producing the intended effect and remain appropriate
- encourage the child or young person and those involved in their care to monitor their reaction to their medicines and to report any concerns or problems
- 13. seek to resolve any differences of opinion between the child or young person and those involved in their care regarding the monitoring and use of medicines
- 14. encourage and support the child or young person, and those involved in their care, to discuss their perception and understanding of the purpose and use of medicines that they are using
- 15. identify and seek to rectify any misconceptions about the purpose and use of medicines
- inform the child or young person and those involved in their care of sources of expert advice on medicines and their administration
- 17. provide the child or young person, and those involved in their care, with



- information about their medicines, the effects of treatment changes and combinations of prescriptions
- 18. provide information and advice to the child or young person and those involved in their care about the ways that medicines can be administered
- provide information and advice to children and young people and those involved in their care about the safe use, transportation, storage and disposal of medicines
- 20. take appropriate action in response to any cause for concern about the medicines used or not used by the child or young person
- 21. produce records and reports that are clear, comprehensive, and accurate, and maintain the security and confidentiality of information.



# Knowledge and understanding

You need to know and understand:

- 1. legal, organisational and policy requirements relevant to your role and the activities being carried out
- 2. the nature, extent and boundaries of your work role and its relationship to others in your own and other organisations
- 3. the roles of other practitioners working with children, young people and families and how they relate between and across agencies
- 4. the importance of effective multi-agency working
- 5. the ethical issues, legal requirements and good practice guidelines on consent, including capacity issues and consent for children and young people
- 6. the principle of confidentiality and the implications for your practice
- 7. how to recognise and respond to the signs of injury, abuse or neglect and your responsibility in relation to raising concerns with the appropriate person or agency
- 8. local systems, procedures and protocols for safeguarding children, young people and vulnerable adults
- 9. the principles of equality, diversity and anti-discriminatory practice and how they are applied
- 10. the duty to report any acts or omissions in care that could be detrimental to the child or young person
- 11. the rights of children and young people to make decisions for themselves and to take risks in the context of their own lives, taking into account issues of capacity and your professional responsibility
- 12. how to engage with and communicate effectively with children and young people, and those involved in their care
- 13. the need for communication to be modified for different contexts and cultures, including the age, vulnerability, understanding, developmental capacity and communication needs and preferences of the child or young person and those involved in their care
- 14. the ways in which children and young people communicate non-verbally and through behaviour, as well as through language, and how different forms of behaviour can be interpreted
- 15. the importance of adopting a child/young person centred approach
- 16. the conditions and issues affecting children and young people in your area of practice and how they can inter-relate
- 17. child and young people's development, including emotional, physical, and social how they affect one another



- 19. the effect of parenting capacity, family, environment and cultural influences on the health and wellbeing of children and young people
- 20. the factors that contribute to the risk of harm to children and young people
- 21. the guidance that is available for your own practice and where to access this
- 22. current issues, research and evidence based practice relevant to your role
- 23. local sources of health and well-being information, advice and support for children and young people, and those involved in their care
- 24. statutory and organisational requirements and guidelines relating to medicines and regulatory bodies' standards and guidance
- 25. the classification of medicines including controlled drugs
- 26. the purpose and process of licensing medicines, and the implications of children and young people using medicines outside of their licence
- 27. how to obtain up-to-date information about medicines
- 28. the principle of cost effectiveness and how it impacts on the availability of medicines
- 29. the pharmacology, purpose and use of the main medicines used by children and young people in your area of practice, including those that are not licensed for use by children and young people
- 30. the therapeutic uses of medicines used in your area of practice, their normal dosage, actions, side effects, precautions and contra-indications
- 31. the particular risks which these medicines may have, including those not licensed for use by children and young people
- 32. the purpose of prescribing medications for specific individuals and the relationship of this to their overall plan of care
- 33. the importance of children and young people getting the medicines that are appropriate for their condition, age, development and weight
- 34. the different ways in which medicines are taken, the importance of following the prescribed method, dosage and frequency and the risks if this is not done
- 35. the importance of checking and considering the dosage, method of administration, route and timing of the administration in the context of the condition of the individual and co-existing therapies
- 36. types of equipment in relation to medicines administration routes and types of medicines in your area of practice
- 37. any physical and/or cognitive impairment that would make it difficult to comply with medicines management
- 38. the ways in which prescribed medications can be misused
- 39. why children and young people and those involved in their care should be aware of the dangers of sharing medicines and how to communicate the



- risks effectively
- 40. how to monitor the effect of medicines on the child or young person and evaluate their efficacy
- 41. the causes and signs of adverse reactions to medicines used by children and young people, including allergic reactions
- 42. methods of establishing when medicines are no longer suitable or needed
- 43. who to contact where contra-indications to the medicine are discovered, where the individual develops a reaction to the medicine, where assessment of the individual indicates that the medicine is no longer suitable, or where the medication is being misused
- 44. the physiological effects of medicines and of withdrawing from certain medicines and substances and how these can be managed
- 45. the nature and purpose of different compliance aids and the importance of assessing the child's, young person's or carer's suitability and understanding of how to use an appropriate aid safely
- 46. the risks associated with repackaging dispensed medicines into compliance aids
- 47. the concerns and misunderstandings that individuals may have in relation to medicines and their different routes of delivery and how these concerns can be addressed
- 48. the sources of expert advice on medicines and medicines management, and how to access these
- 49. the actions to take if a medicine is declined and the appropriate information and support which may be offered to individuals to enable them to make an informed decision
- 50. the factors which affect the storage of medicines, including expiry dates and location
- 51. methods and protocols for the safe transport and disposal of medicines
- 52. the importance of keeping full and accurate records, and how to do so in line with organisational requirements

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# **External Links**

This standard links with the following dimension within the NHS

Knowledge and Skills Framework (October 2004):

Dimension: HWB4 Enablement to address health and wellbeing needs

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