

## SFHHCS10

### Determine compatibility of transfusion or transplantation products



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#### Overview

This standard relates to the selection of blood, blood components and products and transplantation products to provide those suitable to meet an individual's clinical requirement for transfusion and/or transplantation. This will involve investigations to determine compatibility and/or adverse reactions arising from the intended transfusion and/or transplantation. The standard covers investigations to confirm blood and/or their components for transfusion and the compatibility for organs and tissue for transplantation. Individuals will be assessed against this standard for the range of compatibility testing undertaken within their work practice and level of responsibility.

Users of this standard will need to ensure that practice reflects up to date information and policies.

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### Performance criteria

*You must be able to:*

- P1 the principles of blood group and cellular genetics relevant to transfusion and transplantation
- P2 the principles of antigens and antibodies, their classification systems, the role of complement and their clinical significance in determining compatibility
- P3 the principles of screening for and the techniques for antibody/antigen detection and identification
- P4 the range of blood test samples required from patients and donors for compatibility testing
- P5 the clinical impact of process delays and the importance of determining compatibility testing with the suitable degree of urgency for clinical need
- P6 how the different levels of urgency for products can affect the testing protocols used within your work practice
- P7 the type and causes of adverse reactions within transfusion and transplantation and the range of methods to detect incompatibility or pathogen reduction of the donation
- P8 the importance of safe sample handling procedures and safeguarding against contamination of the test samples and the consequences of failing to do so
- P9 the type and range of investigations for detecting the different classes of antibodies and antigens related to determining compatibility
- P10 the underpinning principles of automated, semi-automated and manual techniques used for blood group systems and tissue typing and their application
- P11 how to select the required number and type of investigations to generate answers to clinical request for transplantation or transfusion
- P12 where appropriate, how to detect factors that cause in vivo immunological sensitisation, incompatibility or rejection reactions
- P13 the protocols and procedures for dealing with non-conformance or variances in test results and/or equipment failure
- P14 the importance of ensuring the requested product is safe for issue and the parameters used to assess this
- P15 the methods and conditions of storage of the products and components
- P16 the importance of an audit trail in transfusion and transplantation testing
- P17 the current national legislation, guidelines, local policies and protocols which affect your work practice
- P18 the policies and guidance that clarify your scope of practice, accountabilities and the working relationship between yourself and others
- P19 work within your level of competence, responsibility and accountability
- P20 apply appropriate health and safety measures, infection prevention and control and personal protective equipment to minimise the risks

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- associated with intended investigation
- P21 seek advice and support from relevant others where a request or query is outside your level of responsibility
- P22 confirm sample integrity and suitability for test and identify any special factors which may affect urgency and prioritisation
- P23 minimise clinical impact of process delays by analysing with suitable degree of urgency for clinical need
- P24 where the clinical need requires urgent transfusion, issue universal donor products or blood components according to local policy and protocols
- P25 where appropriate, prepare relevant reagents and check operational performance of relevant equipment and resources
- P26 test the samples according to protocol through application of correct procedures to avoid cross contamination
- P27 interpret results with reference to controls and analyse the results for normal and abnormal responses
- P28 check anomalous, adverse, incompatible or inconclusive results and undertake repeat or additional testing to detect the incompatible classes of antigens/antibodies
- P29 where appropriate to the clinical need, retest previous incompatible samples against alternative donor products to achieve compatibility
- P30 validate the compatible test results and inform the requester that the product/component is available for issue
- P31 maintain full, accurate and legible records of the compatibility testing and store in the correct location in line with current legislation, guidelines, local policies and protocols

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### Knowledge and understanding

*You need to know and understand:*

- K1 your own level of competence, authority and specialist knowledge base related to determining the compatibility of transfusion and/or transplantation products
- K2 the range of health and safety measures, infection prevention and the relevant protective controls and containment and their importance applicable to your work practice
- K3 the principles of blood group and cellular genetics relevant to transfusion and transplantation
- K4 the principles of antigens and antibodies, their classification systems, the role of complement and their clinical significance in determining compatibility
- K5 the principles of screening for and the techniques for antibody/antigen detection and identification
- K6 the range of blood test samples required from patients and donors for compatibility testing
- K7 the clinical impact of process delays and the importance of determining compatibility testing with the suitable degree of urgency for clinical need
- K8 how the different levels of urgency for products can affect the testing protocols used within your work practice
- K9 the type and causes of adverse reactions within transfusion and transplantation and the range of methods to detect incompatibility or pathogen reduction of the donation
- K10 the importance of safe sample handling procedures and safeguarding against contamination of the test samples and the consequences of failing to do so
- K11 the type and range of investigations for detecting the different classes of antibodies and antigens related to determining compatibility
- K12 the underpinning principles of automated, semi-automated and manual techniques used for blood group systems and tissue typing and their application
- K13 how to select the required number and type of investigations to generate answers to clinical request for transplantation or transfusion
- K14 where appropriate, how to detect factors that cause in vivo immunological sensitisation, incompatibility or rejection reactions
- K15 the protocols and procedures for dealing with non-conformance or variances in test results and/or equipment failure
- K16 the importance of ensuring the requested product is safe for issue and the parameters used to assess this
- K17 the methods and conditions of storage of the products and components
- K18 the importance of an audit trail in transfusion and transplantation testing
- K19 the current national legislation, guidelines, local policies and protocols which affect your work practice

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K20 the policies and guidance that clarify your scope of practice, accountabilities and the working relationship between yourself and others

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### Additional Information

#### External Links

This standard links with the following dimension within the NHS Knowledge and Skills Framework (October 2004):

Dimension: HWB8 Biomedical investigation and intervention

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<b>Originating organisation</b>	Skills for Health
<b>Original URN</b>	HCS10
<b>Relevant occupations</b>	Health, Public Services and Care; Medicine and Dentistry; Nursing and Subjects and Vocations Allie; Health Professionals; Healthcare and Related Personal Services
<b>Suite</b>	Healthcare Science
<b>Key words</b>	donor, tissue typing, compatibility, storage