
Overview

This standard covers investigating electronic evidence.

The standard may relate to a criminal or civil investigation, or to due diligence and maintaining professional standards. The work described in this standard would usually be carried out within a laboratory.

SFJ CO4

Investigate electronic evidence

Performance criteria

You must be able to:

- P1 establish the **scope** of the investigation in consultation with the client
- P2 conduct the investigation in accordance with legal and organisational requirements
- P3 conduct the investigation using appropriate processes, methodologies, tools and techniques
- P4 perform necessary and proportionate research activities to obtain additional information, consulting with relevant **third parties** to obtain additional information as necessary
- P5 create a **working product** for further investigation
- P6 review the **scope** of the investigation throughout the process, based on on-going findings
- P7 provide a clear and accurate presentation of the findings
- P8 keep an accurate contemporaneous record of the investigation using appropriate methods

SFJ CO4

Investigate electronic evidence

Knowledge and understanding

You need to know and understand:

- K1 legal and organisational requirements
 - K1.1 relevant legislation, policies, procedures, codes of practice, guidelines and applicable standards for investigating electronic evidence
 - K1.2 relevant legislation and other organisational requirements
 - K1.3 the limits of your responsibility and level of competence
 - K1.4 the impact of your actions on victims and witnesses
- K2 investigating electronic evidence
 - K2.1 how to investigate electronic evidence
 - K2.2 the engineering principles underpinning the investigation of electronic evidence
 - K2.3 the need to establish the scope of the investigation
 - K2.4 the parameters and objectives for these types of investigations
 - K2.5 the constraints for these types of investigations
 - K2.6 the types of equipment available for investigating electronic evidence
 - K2.7 how to use equipment for investigating electronic evidence
 - K2.8 the meaning of appropriate processes, methodologies, tools and techniques and how these are applied
 - K2.9 the need for appropriate quality assurance and validation of results
 - K2.10 the strengths and weaknesses of different tools for investigating electronic evidence
 - K2.11 the third parties with whom you may need to consult
 - K2.12 how to consult with third parties to obtain additional information
 - K2.13 how to carry out research activities to obtain additional information
 - K2.14 how to create a working product including subsets of the data, and interim reports
 - K2.15 how to document the electronic evidence investigation
 - K2.16 the types of problems which may occur within the investigation of electronic evidence and how they may be resolved
 - K2.17 how to conduct a presentation of findings

SFJ CO4

Investigate electronic evidence

Scope/range related to performance criteria

1 Scope

- 1.1 investigation parameters
- 1.2 operational objectives
- 1.3 practical and technical limitations

2 Third parties

- 2.1 data holders
- 2.2 subject specialists
- 2.3 other investigators
- 2.4 single points of contact (SPOC)
- 2.5 victims and/or witnesses

3 Working product

- 3.1 relevant subsets of the data
- 3.2 interim report

SFJ CO4

Investigate electronic evidence

Developed by	Skills for Justice
Version number	2
Date approved	January 2012
Indicative review date	December 2016
Validity	Current
Status	Original
Originating organisation	Skills for Justice
Original URN	SFJ CO4
Relevant occupations	Public Services; Public Services and Other Associate Professionals
Suite	Countering Cybercrime
Key words	e-crime, cybercrime, investigate, investigation, electronic, evidence