Develop and implement a plan for the generation of grant income



Overview

This standard is about the process of securing grant income from trusts or foundations and statutory sources. You will need to plan your approach in order to achieve the fundraising objective(s) for which you are responsible. Good planning is essential and requires a great deal of attention at an early stage.

The fundraising cycle has four key phases – research, plan, implement and review – all of these must be considered as you develop a clear and achievable plan to generate grant income which will identify the purposes for which funding will be sought, how you are going to secure the necessary funds and the timescales you will be working to. It will be important to consider the funding cycles and grant criteria of potential funders and to use this knowledge to shape and develop **relevant approaches**. You will also need to consider the resource implications of your plan, including the time you need to allocate to tasks; both your own or members of your team. It is likely that your plan will form part of your organisation's overall fundraising strategy.

There are two elements

- 1 Develop a plan for the generation of grant income
- 2 Implement a plan for the generation of grant income

This standard is appropriate for people responsible for developing and delivering operational plans to support the implementation of your organisation's overall fundraising strategy.

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Performance criteria You must be able to:	Develop a plan for the generation of grant income		
	P1	clarify the scope of your responsibilities and what is expected of you in terms of fundraising targets	
	P2	review the performance of past grant fundraising activity to improve current or future practice	
	P3	liaise with any service provision colleagues to identify potential projects or areas of work that might attract grant support	
	P4	co-ordinate with colleagues working in other areas of fundraising to prevent duplication of effort in approaching a particular organisation	
	P5	collect all the information necessary to compile the case for support that meets the needs of your potential funders	
	P6	establish a timescale and financial objectives for the plan	
	P7	conduct research and prioritise potential funders in line with your organisation's business plan or fundraising strategy	
	P8	discuss your plan with your line manager or relevant colleagues and seek authorisation for its submission as necessary	
	P9	establish and maintain records of potential funders for future purposes	

Implement a plan for the generation of grant income

in line with organisational requirements

You must be	abl	le t	to:
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- P10 provide details in your plan on what you aim to achieve, how, by whom and by when
- P11 communicate the requirements and expectations of the grant maker to the relevant people within your organisation
- P12 review prospective funder information to develop the **relevant approach** involving colleagues or departments with an interest in the work for which you are seeking funding
- P13 monitor the implementation of your plan in line with organisational requirements
- P14 evaluate the success of your generation of grant income activity against agreed objectives
- P15 prepare and submit any progress reports or evaluation documentation that might be required involving colleagues or stakeholders who have an interest in the work for which you have received funding
- P16 maintain appropriate communication with funders to develop ongoing relationships in line with organisational requirements

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Knowledge and understanding	Context specific		
You need to know and	1/4	the size of his sulture post history and mission of your arranication	
understand:	K1	the aims, ethics, culture, past history and mission of your organisation	
	K2 K3	the ethical policy of your organisation	
	NΟ	your organisation's funding needs, including its needs for restricted and unrestricted funds	
	K4	the deadlines and scope of your work	
	K5	the resources at your disposal including:	
		K5.1 staff	
		K5.2 trustees	
		K5.3 volunteers	
		K5.4 time	
		K5.5 money	
		K5.6 specialist advice	
	K6	how your organisation calculates the costs of its activities, including an	
		appropriate share of overhead	
	K7	the grant cycle and criteria of potential grant makers	
	K8	the details that you need to include within your plan	
	K9	who needs to approve and authorise your plan and the processes	
		within the organisation for consultation and approval	
	K10	the importance of consulting with colleagues and other stakeholders	
		during the development and implementation of the plan	
	K11	how to monitor the progress of your plan and evaluate its success	
	K12	the requirements of individual funders for feedback and reporting	
	Secto	or specific	
You need to know and understand:	K13	the background, purpose and practice of funders	
	K14	funding patterns and grant criteria of potential funders	
	K15	how and where to access information regarding sources of funding	
	K16	the impact of grant-making trends, legislation, regulation, codes of	
		practice and where to seek information regarding these issues	
	K17	how funders evaluate the proposals they receive and why many	
		proposals are rejected	
	K18	how to write a clear and comprehensive grant fundraising plan	
	K19	how to adapt a generic case for support to meet a funder's criteria	
	Gene	eral	
You need to know and	K20	how to maintain records of your work	
understand:	-	•	

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understand:

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Additional Information

Glossary

Relevant approaches refers to likely methods used to secure grant income including completion of application forms, proposals, tenders, bids, funder cultivation events or meetings, or letters

Ethical policy refers to a statement which defines the principles on which the charity bases its involvement with third party organisations

Restricted and unrestricted funds refer to any conditions that may be placed on funds raised by the organisation. A donor can place a restriction on their gift by stating that it can only be used to fund a specific project or activity. These funds are known as restricted. Unrestricted funds can be freely spent by the Trustees in furtherance of the charity's objects.

External Links

The Institute of Fundraising's Code of Fundraising Practice and the International Statement of Ethical Principles in Fundraising should be read alongside this NOS.

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